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APPLE SCAB

Pages 216-219, V.25, 1964 Trans. All-Union Inst. of Flant Protestion

N.A. Shibkova and G.Sh. Kotikova

In 1964, apple scab (Venturia inaequalis Wint.) was recorded in all areas. However in view of the broad spectrum the conditions for development of the disease did not form identically.

In the orchards of European USSR, the zone where there is constant development of scab, its manifestation on the apple and pear tree was not epiphytotic in nature. This was related first of all with the small amount of precipitation during the spring-summer period over a large part of the territory. Only in a few rayons where there was a normal level of rainfall was there stronger development of scab.

In the Nonchernozem zone development of scab was mild and moderate (Table 1). In view of the dry and hot weather there was minimal development in Estonian SSR, Lithuanian SSR, Latvian SSR and Belorussian SSR, as well as in Kalningradskaya, Vitebskaya, Pskovskaya, Novgorodskaya, Leningradskaya, Yaroslavskaya and Ivanovskaya oblasts. In these regions leaf and fruit invasion did not exceed 50-65%. Only in some farms it attained 90% on very susceptible varieties, but in a mild form.

In those areas where the precipitation was within normal range there was stronger manifestation of scab. This applies to the North-East-ern regions of Latvian SSR as well as oblasts in the South-Eastern part of the North-Western zone. In these areas at times leaf and fruit involvement in susceptible varieties attained 100%. The intensity of development of the disease was also highest in these areas. The following varieties were the most involved: Aport, Bellefleur-kitayka, Grushovka Moskovskaya, Belyy naliv and Melba.

The dry hot weather in Western and some parts of the Northern rayons of the forest-steppe zone restrained development of the disease during the season. As a result scab did not inflict serious harm. Mild involvement of apple trees was observed in Zakarpatskaya, Sumskaya (northern

part) and other oblasts as well as in Mordovskaya ASSR (Table 2). While in some orchards there was a high percentage of invasion, the degree of development of the disease was mild.

Table 1 Scab invasion of apple trees in the Nonchernozem zone in 1964

Республика, область	брае на поления брае на	Принент виражения .		
		ea	nataun	У Потененность С разантия болезын
Эстонская ССР		13 -86	110 5-92	Слабая (1) От слабон то средней (2)
Литовская ССР С Калинипрадская обл. Пенинградская обл. Пенинградская обл. Понгородская обл. Просланская обл. Павновская обл. Павновская обл.	1/V1 Середния июни 6/V11 Середния июня	2-89 20-43 7-25 40 - 2-32	1,5—18 3—65 2—50 15 16 17—61 1—98	Спабая
Нашовская оба. Московская оба. Московская оба. В алужская оба. Смоленская оба. В рестехан оба. В рестехан оба.	Конец маз (2) 17/V Середния июня	11-16 100 53 40-55 48-79	7891 1180 599 10100 7178	Средняя (АД)
Брестекая 064	5/VI 12/VI 28/V 8/VI	8-12 8-12 31	Ел.СС 3—14 —	Слабан

Legend:

- a) republic, oblast
- b) time of appearance of disease q) Moskovskaya Obl
- c) percentage invaded
- d) leaves
- e) fruit
- f) intensity of disease
- g) Estonian SSR
- h) Latvian SSR
- i) Lithuanian SSR
- j) Kaliningradskaya Obl[oblast]
- k) Leningradskaya Obl
- 1) Pskovskaya Obl
- m) Novgorodskaya Obl
- n) Yaroslavskaya Obl
- o) Ivanovskaya Obl

- p) Vladimirskaya Obl
- r) kyazanskaya Obl
- s) Kaluzhskaya Obl
- t) Smolenskaya Obl
- u) Brestskaya Obl
- v) Mogilevskaya Obl
- w) Vitebskaya Obl
- x) Gomel'skaya Obl
- y) Minskaya Obl
- z) mid-June
- aa) end of May
- bb) mild
- cc) from mild to moderate
- dd) moderate

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executive and the season of th	, is a reasona	equivalent to providing		
	ac ma	Activity in the second	і інтененянасть развития болезни	
оппольной облатической облага	10 VI Ko act, Man (1) 12 VI 12	\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Слабая (1) Срединя (1) Срединя (1) Срединя (1) Слабая	
: epublic, oblast imc of appearance of d ercentage invaded	isease t) Po u) Kh	ernigovskaya O ltavskaya Obl ar'kovskaya Ob		

Legend

- a) r
- b)
- c) p
- d) leaves
- e) fruit
- f) intensity of scab development x) Kurskaya Obl
- g) Zakarpatskaya Obl
- h) L'vovskaya Obl
- 1) Volynskaya Obl
- j) Rovenskaya Obl
- k) Ternopol'skaya Obl
- 1) Chernovitskaya Obl
- m) Cherkasskaya Obl
- n) Vinnitskaya Obl
- o) Khmel'nitskaya Obl
- p) Zhitomirskaya Obl
- q) Kiyevskaya Obl
- r) Kirovogradskaya Obl

- v) Sumskaya Obl
- w) Orlovskaya Obl
- y) Lipetskaya Obl
- z) Tambovskaya Obl
- aa) Penzenskaya Obl
- bb) Ivano-Frankovskaya Obl
- cc) Mordovskaya ASSR
- dd) end of May
- ee) early June
- ff) mid June
- gg) up to ...
- hh) mild
- ii) moderate

In the Eastern rayons of the Forcat-steppe zone the conditions were found to be more favorable for development of the disease. The spring was warm with a sufficient amount of precipitation. The temperature and humidity during the summer were also close to normal. As a result scab developed more markedly on the apple trees than in the Western rayons of the zone. These rayons include: Chermasskaya, Khmel'nitskaya, Zhitomitskaya, Poltavskaya, Kirovogradskaya, Orlovskaya, Tambovskaya, Khar'kovskaya oblasts and some rayons of Penzenskaya and Vinnitskaya oblasts. Tarked Lavasion was observed on the following varieties: Pepinka litovskaya, Boyken, Reinette kurskiy, Crushovka moskovskaya, Reinette bergamotnaya, Papirovka, Shtreyfling, Anis, Borovinka.

In the Steppe zone (Table 3) foci of strongest development of scab were recorded in Krasnodarskiy, Stavropol'skiy kray and Kabardino-Balkar-skaya ASSR. The cool humid spring as well as the relatively cool summer with high level of precipitation resulted in massive development of the fungus. Moderate development of the disease was noted in Dnepropetrovskaya, Zaporozhskaya, Luganskaya, Donetskaya, Volgogradskaya oblasts as well as Kalmyk ASSR, Dagestan ASSR, Checheno-Ingushskaya ASSR and North-Osetin ASSR. There was mild development of scab in the Southern parts of the Ukraine and Moldavia.

There was moderate development of the disease in the Transcaucasian republics. Thus, in Georgian SSR apple leaf invasion ranged from 7 to 38%, fruit invasion -- from 2 to 31% with relatively mild degree of involvement. In Azerbaydzhan SSR fruit invasion was more visible (24-38%).

Moderate and mild development of scab was recorded in the zone of Northern Povolzh'ye. In Kirovskaya, Gor'kovskaya and Ul'yanovskaya oblasts as well as in Mariyskaya ASSR, Chuvashkaya ASSR and some rayons of Kuybyshevskaya Oblast and Tatar ASSR the conditions were not favorable for development of the disease. In these areas leaf invasion ranged from 4 to 50%, fruit invasion — from 1 to 50%, but it was mild. In Udmurtskaya ASSR as well as in some rayons of Tatar ASSR and Kuybysherskaya Oblast where there was sufficient rainfall during the spring and summer period scab is somewhat more intensively manifested. Kitayka zolotaya rannyaya and Kitayka Sanina were struck the hardest (70 to 100%).

Foci of marked development of scab were recorded in Bashkir ASSR, Chelyabinskaya, Kurganskaya, Tyumenskaya, Omskaya, Kemerovskaya and Severo-Kazakhstanskaya Oblasts. Leaf and fruit invasion reached 80-100%. Profuse rainfall was the cause. Such varieties as Rayka krasnaya, Khoroshavka, Oktyabr'skoye, Anisik omskiy, Kitayka zolotaya rannyaya, Belyy naliv and Anis polosatyy were markedly invaded. Fading [yellowing] and prematura shedding of the leaves of these varieties were observed. In Kokchetavskaya and Kragandinskaya oblasts as well as Altayakiy Kray the disease was more moderate. Fruit invasion constituted up to 50%.

Table 3 Scab lavasion of apple trees in the Steppe zone in 1964

Complete (C)	engle Miller States	and the fi	G. San	е долененаваеть (Гамагия болеми
Naction cases CCP Contract and	Kong a San Colombia (Colombia) (C	7-20 18-71 16-70 17-70 30-70 30-70 30-70 30-85 9-77 91	5-70 11-78 2-92 2-92 3-23 5-13 31-5 10-80 	Саабан (1 d) Средния СС- Слабан Средния Средния Сильная Средния Сильная Средния Спасная Спасная

- a) republic, kray, oblast
- b) time of appearance of scab
- c) percentage invaded
- d) lcaves
- e) fruit
- g) Moldavian SSR
- h) Odesskaya Obl
- t) Nikolayevskaya Obl
- j) Dnepropetrovskaya Obl
- k) Khersonskaya Obl 1) Krymskaya Obl
- m) Zaporozhskaya Obl
- n) Donetskaya Obl
- o) Luganskaya Obl
- p) Saratovskaya Obl

- q) Volgogradskaya Obl
- r) Astrakhanskaya Obl
- e) Kalmyk ASSR
- t) Krasnodarskiy Kray
- u) Stavropol'skiy Kray
- f) Intensity of disease development v) North-Osetin ASSR
 - w) Checheno-Ingushskaya ASSR
 - x) Dagestan ASSR
 - y) Kabardino-Balkarskaya ASSR
 - z) early May aa) end of May
 - bb) mid May
 - cc) early June
 - dd) mild
 - ee) moderate
 - ff) severe

In the Central Asian Zone there was marked development of scab in Alma-Atinskaya Oblast. The disease showed mass scale development both in wild stands and in orchards. There was strong invasion of the following varieties: Pepin litovskiy, Anis polosatyy, Mal't bagayevskiy and

Rayka (up to 70-100%). As a result their leaves dropped prematurely in mid summer. In Kirgiz SSR seab was recorded primarily in the orchards of Chuskaya and Talisskaya plains (up to 50% of the fruit was involved).

The conditions were also favorable for scab in Amurskaya Oblast, Khabarovskiy and Primorskiy arays. Leaf and fruit invasion attained 100% in some areas.

As indicated by the records, there was unsatisfactory control of apple scab. In most instances treatment was not instituted at the proper time and it was not in accordance with the complete program as stipulated in zonal systems of measures. In some areas no chemical treatment was given at all. As a result there was a large store of infection. () For this reason there is every reason to expect a severe outburst of seab in 1965.